

# **Interactive Gantt Chart Scheduler in Access**

**Aleksander Wojtasz**

**Access Europe User Group Meeting  
Wed 5 July 2023**

# CHAPTER 1 - Theory

## What is GDI?

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/gdi/windows-gdi>

Microsoft | Learn | Documentation | Training | Certifications | Q&A | Code Samples | Assessments | Shows | Events

Windows App Development | Explore | Development | Platforms | Resources | [Dashboard](#)

Filter by title

- Windows GDI
- Security Considerations: Microsoft Windows GDI
- > Bitmaps
- > Brushes
- > Clipping
- > Colors
- > Coordinate Spaces and Transformations
- > Device Contexts
- > Filled Shapes
- > Fonts and Text
- > Lines and Curves
- > Metafiles
- > Multiple Display Monitors
- > Painting and Drawing
- > Paths
- > Pens
- > Rectangles
- > Regions

[Download PDF](#)

Learn / Windows / Apps / Win32 / Desktop Technologies / Graphics and Gaming /

## Windows GDI

Article • 01/28/2023 • 6 contributors

[Feedback](#)

### In this article

- [Purpose](#)
- [Where applicable](#)
- [Developer audience](#)
- [Run-time requirements](#)

[Show 2 more](#)

### Purpose

The Microsoft Windows graphics device interface (GDI) enables applications to use graphics and formatted text on both the video display and the printer. Windows-based applications do not access the graphics hardware directly. Instead, GDI interacts with device drivers on behalf of applications.

### Where applicable

GDI can be used in all Windows-based applications.

### Developer audience

This API is designed for use by C/C++ programmers. Familiarity with the Windows [message-driven architecture](#) is required.

### Run-time requirements

### Additional resources

#### Documentation

- [Graphics::Graphics\(IN HDC,IN HANDLE\) \(gdiplusgraphics.h\) - Win32 apps](#)  
Creates a Graphics::Graphics object that is associated with a specified device context and a specified device.
- [SetPixel function \(wingdi.h\) - Win32 apps](#)  
The SetPixel function sets the pixel at the specified coordinates to the specified color.
- [PatBlt function \(wingdi.h\) - Win32 apps](#)  
The PatBlt function paints the specified rectangle using the brush that is currently selected into the specified device context. The brush color and the surface color or colors are combined by...

[Show 4 more](#)

# CHAPTER 1 - Theory

## GDI library file in Microsoft Windows

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Microsoft\\_Windows\\_library\\_files#GDI32.DLL](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Microsoft_Windows_library_files#GDI32.DLL)

### **GDI32.DLL** [ [edit](#) ]

GDI32.DLL exports [Graphics Device Interface \(GDI\)](#) functions that perform primitive drawing functions for output to video displays and printers. It is used, for example, in the XP version of Paint. Applications call GDI functions directly to perform low-level drawing (line, rectangle, ellipse), text output, font management, and similar functions.<sup>[8][9]</sup>

Initially, GDI supported 16 and 256 color [EGA/VGA display cards](#) and [monochrome printers](#). The functionality has expanded over the years, and now includes support for things like [TrueType fonts](#), [alpha channels](#), and [multiple monitors](#).<sup>[10]</sup>

# CHAPTER 1 - Theory

## How can we call gdi functions from VBA code

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/office/vba/language/reference/user-interface-help/declare-statement>

Learn / VBA /

## Declare statement

Article • 03/30/2022 • 9 contributors



Feedback

### In this article

- Remarks
- Example
- See also

Used at the **module level** to declare references to external **procedures** in a **dynamic-link library (DLL)**.

#### Note

Declare statements with the **PtrSafe** keyword is the recommended syntax. Declare statements that include **PtrSafe** work correctly in the VBA version 7 development environment on both 32-bit and 64-bit platforms only after all data types in the **Declare** statement (parameters and return values) that need to store 64-bit quantities are updated to use **LongLong** for 64-bit integrals or **LongPtr** for pointers and handles. To ensure backwards compatibility with VBA version 6 and earlier, use the following construct:

### Declare Statement – in the vba code

```
Private Declare PtrSafe Function apiMoveToEx Lib "gdi32" Alias "MoveToEx" _
    (ByVal hdc As LongPtr, ByVal x As Long, ByVal y As Long, lpPoint As Any) As Long
'above was lpPoint as POINTAPI, changed to Any to allow NULL

Private Declare PtrSafe Function LineTo Lib "gdi32" _
    (ByVal hdc As LongPtr, ByVal x As Long, ByVal y As Long) As Long

Private Declare PtrSafe Function apiCreateFontIndirect Lib "gdi32" Alias _
    "CreateFontIndirectA" (lpLogFont As LOGFONT) As LongPtr

Private Declare PtrSafe Function apiSetTextColor Lib "gdi32" Alias "SetTextColor" _
    (ByVal hdc As LongPtr, ByVal crColor As Long) As Long

Private Declare PtrSafe Function apiSetBkColor Lib "gdi32" Alias "SetBkColor" _
    (ByVal hdc As LongPtr, ByVal crColor As Long) As Long

Private Declare PtrSafe Function SetBkMode Lib "gdi32" _
    (ByVal hdc As LongPtr, ByVal nBkMode As Long) As Long

Private Declare PtrSafe Function apiDrawText Lib "user32" Alias "DrawTextA" _
    (ByVal hdc As LongPtr, ByVal lpStr As String, _
    ByVal nCount As Long, lpRect As RECT, ByVal wFormat As Long) As Long

Private Declare PtrSafe Function apiCreateSolidBrush Lib "gdi32" _
    Alias "CreateSolidBrush" _
    (ByVal crColor As Long) As LongPtr

Private Declare PtrSafe Function Rectangle Lib "gdi32" _
    (ByVal hdc As LongPtr, ByVal X1 As Long, ByVal Y1 As Long, _
    ByVal X2 As Long, ByVal Y2 As Long) As Long

Private Declare PtrSafe Function GetEnhMetaFileHeader Lib "gdi32" _
    (ByVal hemf As LongPtr, ByVal cbBuffer As Long, lpemh As ENHMETAHEADER) As Long

Private Declare PtrSafe Function PlayEnhMetaFile Lib "gdi32" _
    (ByVal hdc As LongPtr, ByVal hemf As LongPtr, lpRect As RECT) As Long
```

# CHAPTER 1 - Theory

In GDI32 library often input parameters are not simple datatypes (they are data structures)  
So we need declare data structures that are in accordance with original gdi functions parameters  
And use them as input parameters:

```
Private Declare PtrSafe Function CreateDIBSection Lib "gdi32" _  
(ByVal hdc As LongPtr, pBitmapInfo As BITMAPINFO, _  
ByVal un As Long, ByRef lpVoid As LongPtr, ByVal handle As LongPtr, _  
ByVal dw As Long) As LongPtr
```

```
Private Type BITMAPINFO  
    bmiHeader As BITMAPINFOHEADER  
    bmiColors As RGBQUAD  
End Type
```

```
Private Type BITMAPINFOHEADER '40 bytes  
    biSize As Long  
    biWidth As Long  
    biHeight As Long  
    biPlanes As Integer  
    biBitCount As Integer  
    biCompression As Long 'ERGBCompression  
    biSizeImage As Long  
    biXPelsPerMeter As Long  
    biYPelsPerMeter As Long  
    biClrUsed As Long  
    biClrImportant As Long  
End Type
```

```
Private Type RGBQUAD  
    rgbBlue As Byte  
    rgbGreen As Byte  
    rgbRed As Byte  
    rgbReserved As Byte  
End Type
```

Original function call

## Syntax

```
C++ Copy  
  
HBITMAP CreateDIBSection(  
    [in] HDC          hdc,  
    [in] const BITMAPINFO *pbmi,  
    [in] UINT          usage,  
    [out] VOID         **ppvBits,  
    [in] HANDLE       hSection,  
    [in] DWORD        offset  
);
```

```
C++  
  
typedef struct tagBITMAPINFO {  
    BITMAPINFOHEADER bmiHeader;  
    RGBQUAD           bmiColors[1];  
} BITMAPINFO, *LPBITMAPINFO, *PBITMAPINFO;
```

```
C++  
  
typedef struct tagBITMAPINFOHEADER {  
    DWORD biSize;  
    LONG  biWidth;  
    LONG  biHeight;  
    WORD  biPlanes;  
    WORD  biBitCount;  
    DWORD biCompression;  
    DWORD biSizeImage;  
    LONG  biXPelsPerMeter;  
    LONG  biYPelsPerMeter;  
    DWORD biClrUsed;  
    DWORD biClrImportant;  
} BITMAPINFOHEADER, *LPBITMAPINFOHEADER, *PBITMAPINFOHEADER;
```

# CHAPTER 1 - Theory

## Two central objects of GDI32 library: Memory Device Context & DIB (Device-Independent Bitmaps)

### 1. Memory Device Contexts

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/gdi/memory-device-contexts>

## Memory Device Contexts

Article • 01/07/2021 • 3 contributors

[Feedback](#)

To enable applications to place output in memory rather than sending it to an actual device, use a special device context for bitmap operations called a *memory device context*. A memory DC enables the system to treat a portion of memory as a virtual device. It is an array of bits in memory that an application can use temporarily to store the color data for bitmaps created on a normal drawing surface. Because the bitmap is compatible with the device, a memory DC is also sometimes referred to as a *compatible device context*.

The memory DC stores bitmap images for a particular device. An application can create a memory DC by calling the [CreateCompatibleDC](#) function.

The [CreateCompatibleDC](#) function creates a memory device context (DC) compatible with the specified device.

Creating a DC in VBA code :

```
' Create a DC compatible with the current display  
m_hDC = CreateCompatibleDC(0&)
```



# CHAPTER 1 - Theory

## 2. DIB (Device-Independent Bitmaps)

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/gdi/device-independent-bitmaps>

### Device-Independent Bitmaps

Article • 11/19/2022 • 6 contributors

[Feedback](#)

A device-independent bitmap (DIB) contains a *color table*. A color table describes how pixel values correspond to RGB color values, which describe colors that are produced by emitting light. Thus, a DIB can achieve the proper color scheme on any device. A DIB contains the following color and dimension information:

- The color format of the device on which the rectangular image was created.
- The resolution of the device on which the rectangular image was created.
- The palette for the device on which the image was created.
- An array of bits that maps red, green, blue ( RGB ) triplets to pixels in the rectangular image.
- A data-compression identifier that indicates the data compression scheme (if any) used to reduce the size of the array of bits.

The color and dimension information is stored in a **BITMAPINFO** structure, which consists of a **BITMAPINFOHEADER** structure followed by two or more **RGBQUAD** structures. The **BITMAPINFOHEADER** structure specifies the dimensions of the pixel rectangle, describes the device's color technology, and identifies the compression schemes used to reduce the size of the bitmap. The **RGBQUAD** structures identify the colors that appear in the pixel rectangle.

Creating a DIB in VBA code :

```
' Create our DIBSection  
hDib = CreateDIBSection(m_hDC, m_bmi, DIB_RGB_COLORS, m_lPtr, 0, 0)
```

[https://blackice.com/Help/Tools/Document%20Imaging%20SDK%20webhelp/WebHelp/What\\_is\\_DIB.htm](https://blackice.com/Help/Tools/Document%20Imaging%20SDK%20webhelp/WebHelp/What_is_DIB.htm)

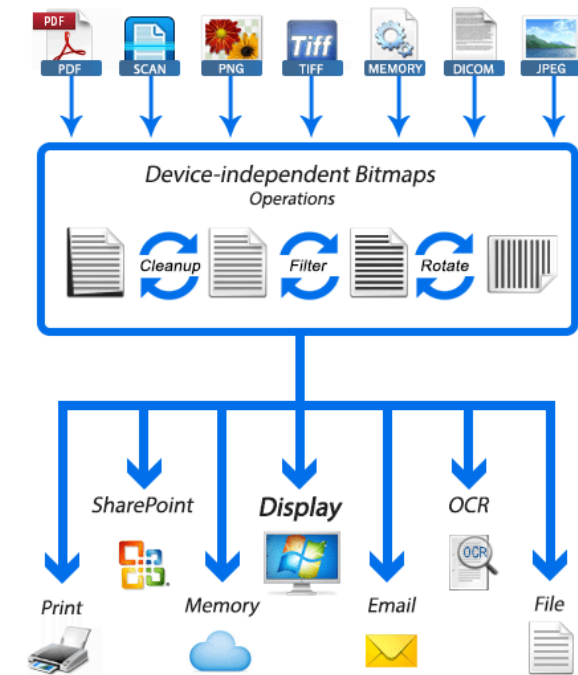
### What is DIB?

DIBs, or device independent bitmaps, were created by Microsoft with the goal of creating an image format which can be displayed regardless of the display device used, thus the device independent portion of its name. DIBs were created for use in the first Microsoft Windows operating systems, but are still widely used today. Additional details on the DIB file format structure and history are available from the link below:

[http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/dd183562\(v=vs.85\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/dd183562(v=vs.85).aspx)  
(The link cannot be opened in the help system. Please copy and paste into a browser)

If the above link does not work, check the Microsoft Developers Network (MSDN) for DIBs.

Black Ice Software's imaging toolkits utilize the DIB as the focal point for all of the toolkits. Any supported image file format can be loaded from a file into a DIB, which can then be displayed, manipulated, printed or saved into a different file format.



# CHAPTER 1 - Theory

## Attaching Memory Device Context to DIB

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/gdi/memory-device-contexts>

The original bitmap in a memory DC is simply a placeholder. Its dimensions are one pixel by one pixel. Before an application can begin drawing, it must select a bitmap with the appropriate width and height into the DC by calling the **SelectObject** function.

Attaching in VBA code :

```
m_hBmpOld = SelectObject(m_hDC, m_hDIb)
```

We can now perform all the available drawing operations with the use of Memory Device Context attached to our DIB

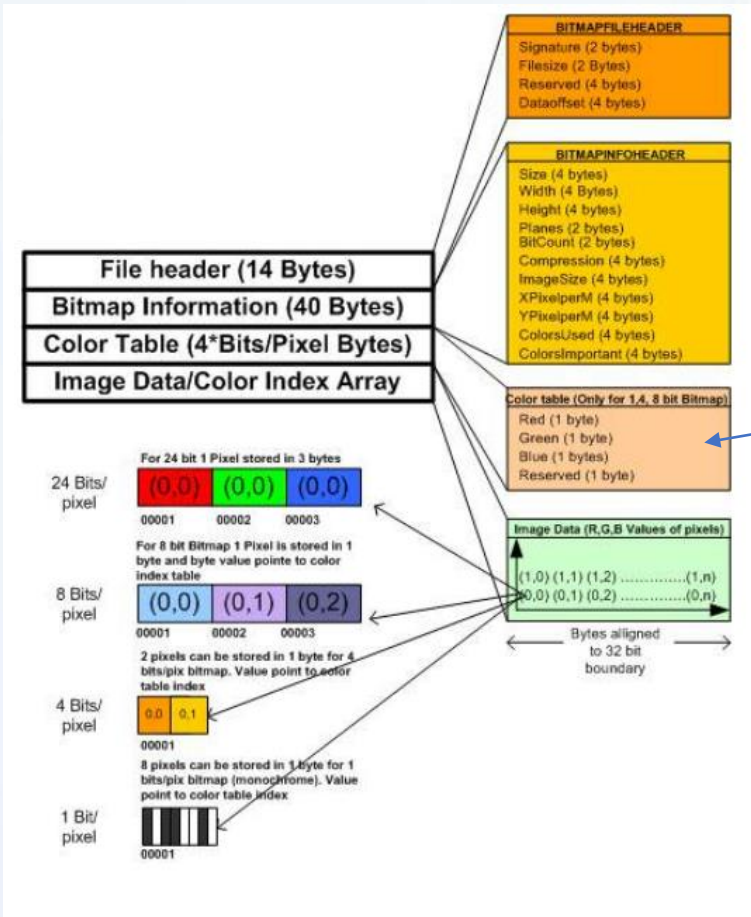


# CHAPTER 1 - Theory

## Transferring DIB data into Microft Access Image Control Data

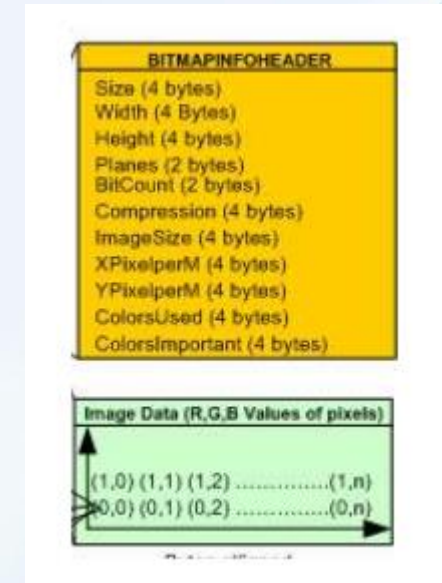
Understanding Bitmap Structure:

<https://binaryworld.net/main/CodeDetail.aspx?CodeId=3685>



We don't have this  
Because we use 24-bits bitmap

We only use these blocks:



# CHAPTER 1 - Theory

## Transferring DIB data into Microsoft Access Image Control Data

```
Private MemoryPictureTable() As Byte
```

← Array of Bytes that will hold our whole Bitmap Data

```
Public Function DIBtoPictureData(Optional DIBnum As Long = 0) As Boolean
```

```
' DIBSECTION structure
```

```
Dim ds As DIBSECTION
```

← Declaration of DIBSECTION Structure

```
If DIBnum = 0 Then
```

```
' Fill in our DIBSECTION structure
```

```
lngret = apiGetObject(hDib, LenB(ds), ds)
```

← Fill in structure with current data taken from DIB

```
Else
```

```
' Fill in our DIBSECTION structure for our Backup DIB
```

```
lngret = apiGetObject(m_hDib2, LenB(ds), ds)
```

```
End If
```

```
If MemoryPictureTable_counter <> ds.dsBmih.biSizeImage + 40 Then
```

```
' Allow 40 Bytes for the DIBHeader
```

```
ReDim MemoryPictureTable(ds.dsBmih.biSizeImage + 40)
```

```
MemoryPictureTable_counter = ds.dsBmih.biSizeImage + 40
```

```
End If
```

← Resize the Array accordingly to hold current bitmap bits + 40 bytes for bitmap info header

```
If DIBnum = 0 Then
```

```
apiCopyMemory MemoryPictureTable(40), ByVal m_lPtr, ds.dsBmih.biSizeImage
```

← Copying bitmap bits to the range from 40-th bit

```
Else
```

```
apiCopyMemory MemoryPictureTable(40), ByVal m_lPtr2, ds.dsBmih.biSizeImage
```

```
End If
```

```
apiCopyMemory MemoryPictureTable(0), ds.dsBmih, 40
```

← Copying „BITMAP INFO HEADER” structure data taken from DIBSECTION to first 40 bits of memory array

```
m_ImageControl.PictureData = MemoryPictureTable
```

← Assign filled in Array of bytes to PictureData property of Ms Access Image Control

```
End Function
```

## CHAPTER 2 - Basic drawing operations

GDI 32 library saves the following parameters for all these drawing operations for as long as they remain unchanged:

### - Background Color (Brush)

```
Dim hNewBrush As LongPtr
Dim hOldBrush As LongPtr

hNewBrush = apiCreateSolidBrush(m_FillColor)

' Select new brush onto our DC
hOldBrush = SelectObject(m_hDC, hNewBrush)
```

```
Private Declare PtrSafe Function apiCreateSolidBrush Lib "gdi32" _
Alias "CreateSolidBrush" _
(ByVal crColor As Long) As LongPtr
```

### - Fore Color (Pen Color + Line Style)

```
Dim hNewPen As LongPtr
Dim hOldPen As LongPtr

hNewPen = apiCreatePen(style, thickness, m_ForeColor)

hOldPen = SelectObject(m_hDC, hNewPen)
```

```
Private Declare PtrSafe Function apiCreatePen Lib "gdi32" Alias "CreatePen" _
(ByVal nPenStyle As Long, ByVal nWidth As Long, ByVal crColor As Long) As LongPtr
```

### - Font Settings (Font Family, Font Size, Font Attributes: Bold, Underline)

```
Dim lNewFont, lOldFont
Dim FontSize As Long
FontSize = m_FontSize
FontSize = CLng(CDbl(FontSize) * CDbl(1.6))

lNewFont = CreateFont(FontSize, 0, 0, 0, m_FontWeight, _
                    m_FontItalic, m_FontUnderline, False, _
                    0, 7, 16, IIf(False, 4, 0), 0, m_FontName)

lOldFont = SelectObject(m_hDC, lNewFont)

DeleteObject (lOldFont)
```

```
Private Declare PtrSafe Function CreateFont Lib "gdi32" Alias _
"CreateFontA" (ByVal H As Long, ByVal W As Long, ByVal E As Long, ByVal o As Long, ByVal W As Long, ByVal i As Long, _
ByVal u As Long, ByVal S As Long, ByVal C As Long, ByVal OP As Long, ByVal CP As Long, ByVal Q As Long, _
ByVal PAF As Long, ByVal F As String) As LongPtr
```

## CHAPTER 2 - Basic drawing operations

### Draw Lines

```
Dim hNewPen As LongPtr
Dim hOldPen As LongPtr

hNewPen = apiCreatePen(style, thickness, m_ForeColor)

hOldPen = SelectObject(m_hDC, hNewPen)

Call apiMoveToEx(m_hDC, x1, y1, ByVal 0&)
LineTo m_hDC, x2, y2

Call SelectObject(m_hDC, hOldPen)
Call DeleteObject(hNewPen)
```

```
Private Declare PtrSafe Function apiMoveToEx Lib "gdi32" Alias "MoveToEx" _
    (ByVal hdc As LongPtr, ByVal X As Long, ByVal Y As Long, lpPoint As Any) As Long
```

```
Private Declare PtrSafe Function LineTo Lib "gdi32" _
    (ByVal hdc As LongPtr, ByVal X As Long, ByVal Y As Long) As Long
```

### LINES STYLES

```
SOLID = 0
DASH = 1      ' - - - - -
DOT = 2       ' . . . . .
DASHDOT = 3   ' - . - . -
DASHDOTDOT = 4 ' - . . . -
```

CreatePen returns a pen with the specified width but with the PS\_SOLID style if you specify a width greater than one for the following styles: PS\_DASH, PS\_DOT, PS\_DASHDOT, PS\_DASHDOTDOT.

## CHAPTER 2 - Basic drawing operations

### Draw Rectangles

```
Dim hNewBrush As LongPtr
Dim hOldBrush As LongPtr
Dim lngTmpColor As Long

Dim hNewPen As LongPtr
Dim hOldPen As LongPtr

hNewBrush = apiCreateSolidBrush(m_FillColor)
' Select new brush onto our DC
hOldBrush = SelectObject(m_hDC, hNewBrush)

' Use a NULL Pen so ther is no Border around
' the rectangle
hNewPen = apiCreatePen(PS_SOLID, BorderThickness, m_ForeColor)
hOldPen = SelectObject(m_hDC, hNewPen)

Call Rectangle(m_hDC, x1, y1, x2, y2)

' Cleanup
Call SelectObject(m_hDC, hOldBrush)
Call DeleteObject(hNewBrush)

Call SelectObject(m_hDC, hOldPen)
Call DeleteObject(hNewPen)
```

```
Private Declare PtrSafe Function Rectangle Lib "gdi32" _
    (ByVal hdc As LongPtr, ByVal x1 As Long, ByVal y1 As Long, _
    ByVal x2 As Long, ByVal y2 As Long) As Long
```

## CHAPTER 2 - Basic drawing operations

### Draw Text

#### - Step1 : Activate Current Font

```
Dim lNewFont, lOldFont
Dim FontSize As Long
FontSize = m_FontSize
FontSize = 16

lNewFont = CreateFont(FontSize, 0, 0, 0, m_FontWeight, _
                    m_FontItalic, m_FontUnderline, False, _
                    0, 7, 16, IIf(False, 4, 0), 0, m_FontName)

lOldFont = SelectObject(m_hDC, lNewFont)

DeleteObject (lOldFont)
```

```
Private Declare PtrSafe Function CreateFont Lib "gdi32" Alias _
    "CreateFontA" (ByVal H As Long, ByVal W As Long, ByVal E As Long, ByVal o As Long, ByVal W As Long, ByVal i As Long, _
    ByVal u As Long, ByVal S As Long, ByVal C As Long, ByVal OP As Long, ByVal CP As Long, ByVal Q As Long, _
    ByVal PAF As Long, ByVal F As String) As LongPtr
```

#### - Step2 : Draw Text

```
Dim lngret As Long

lngret = apiSetTextColoꝑor(m_hDC, m_ForeColor)
lngret = apiSetBkColor(m_hDC, m_BackColor)
lngret = SetBkMode(m_hDC, m_BackMode)

Dim MyRect As RECT

MyRect.left = left
MyRect.right = right
MyRect.top = top
MyRect.bottom = bottom

If align = 0 Then al = DT_CENTER Or DT_WORDBREAK
If align = 1 Then al = DT_LEFT Or DT_WORDBREAK
If align = 2 Then al = DT_RIGHT Or DT_WORDBREAK

lngret = DrawTextEx(m_hDC, StrPtr(strText), Len(strText), MyRect, al, ByVal 0&)
```

```
Private Declare PtrSafe Function DrawTextEx Lib "user32" Alias "DrawTextExW" _
    (ByVal hdc As LongPtr, ByVal lpsz As LongPtr, ByVal N As Long, lpRect As RECT, _
    ByVal un As Long, lpDrawTextParams As Any) As Long
```



# CHAPTER 2 - Basic drawing operations

## Draw Pictures

- Step1 : Prepare Picture – Load Picture into memory (create another DIB and paste picture data)

```
Private Function DIBFromFile(pFile As String, ByRef pDIB As tDIB) As Boolean
    Dim lImg As Object
    Dim lOldImg
    Dim lLoadhBmp As bitmap
    Dim lBmp As BITMAPINFO
    Dim lloaddc
    Dim lhdc

    On Error GoTo Error_handler ' getting the DC
    lhdc = GetDC(0)

    lloaddc = CreateCompatibleDC(lhdc) ' Create DC
    Set lImg = LoadPicture(pFile) ' Loading the image from provided path
    lOldImg = SelectObject(lloaddc, lImg) ' Selects the image bitmap in the display context

    pDIB.hdc = CreateCompatibleDC(lhdc) ' Creation of a new DC in input pDIB
    SetGraphicsMode pDIB.hdc, GM_ADVANCED 'Change graphic Mode to extend win32

    Call GetObjectBmp(lImg.handle, LenB(lLoadhBmp), lLoadhBmp) ' fill in lLoadhBmp structure with loaded picture data

    '--filli in BITMAPINFO structure
    lBmp.bmiHeader.biSize = LenB(lBmp.bmiHeader) ' Image Bitmap Header
    lBmp.bmiHeader.biHeight = lLoadhBmp.bmHeight
    lBmp.bmiHeader.biWidth = lLoadhBmp.bmWidth
    lBmp.bmiHeader.biCompression = BI_RGB
    lBmp.bmiHeader.biBitCount = 24
    lBmp.bmiHeader.biPlanes = 1
    lBmp.bmiHeader.biSizeImage = (lLoadhBmp.bmWidth * lLoadhBmp.bmHeight * 3) + (4 - ((lLoadhBmp.bmWidth * 3) Mod 4)) * lLoadhBmp.bmHeight
    |
    pDIB.hDIB = CreateDIBSection(pDIB.hdc, lBmp, DIB_RGB_COLORS, pDIB.DIBPTR, 0, 0) ' Creation new DIB
    pDIB.hOldDIB = SelectObject(pDIB.hdc, pDIB.hDIB)

    BitBlt pDIB.hdc, 0, 0, lLoadhBmp.bmWidth, lLoadhBmp.bmHeight, lloaddc, 0, 0, SRCCOPY ' If no precise size or Anti Aliasing filter active, then copies the image in its original
    ' Updating global bitmap data
    pDIB.BI = lBmp
    pDIB.width = lBmp.bmiHeader.biWidth
    pDIB.height = lBmp.bmiHeader.biHeight
    ' Release DC
    ReleaseDC 0, lhdc
    ' Deleting temporary objects
    DeleteObject (SelectObject(lloaddc, lOldImg))
    DeleteDC lloaddc
    DIBFromFile = True
    On Error GoTo 0
    Exit Function
Error_handler:
    ' Release DC
    ReleaseDC 0, lhdc
    ' Delete temporary objects
    If lOldImg <> 0 Then DeleteObject (SelectObject(lloaddc, lOldImg))
    DeleteDC lloaddc
    DIBFromFile = False
End Function
```

pDIB input parameter is the Structure tDIB - this input parameter is used to get back data of created Picture (using ByRef)

```
Private Type tDIB
    hdc As LongPtr
    width As Long
    height As Long
    hDIB As LongPtr
    DIBPTR As LongPtr
    hOldDIB As LongPtr
    BI As BITMAPINFO
    bitmap As LongPtr
End Type
```

## CHAPTER 2 - Basic drawing operations

### Draw Pictures

- Step2 : Copy picture data into main DIB

```
lngret = StretchBlt(m_hDC, X, Y, width, height, mem_pict.hdc, 0, 0, mem_pict.width, mem_pict.height, SRCCOPY)
```

```
Private Declare PtrSafe Function StretchBlt Lib "gdi32" (ByVal hdc As LongPtr, _  
ByVal X As Long, ByVal Y As Long, ByVal nWidth As Long, _  
ByVal nHeight As Long, ByVal hSrcDC As LongPtr, ByVal xSrc As Long, _  
ByVal ySrc As Long, ByVal nSrcWidth As Long, ByVal nSrcHeight As Long, _  
ByVal dwRop As Long) As Long
```

The **StretchBlt** function copies a bitmap from a source rectangle into a destination rectangle, stretching or compressing the bitmap to fit the dimensions of the destination rectangle, if necessary. The system stretches or compresses the bitmap according to the stretching mode currently set in the destination device context.

C++

```
BOOL StretchBlt(  
    [in] HDC     hdcDest,  
    [in] int     xDest,  
    [in] int     yDest,  
    [in] int     wDest,  
    [in] int     hDest,  
    [in] HDC     hdcSrc,  
    [in] int     xSrc,  
    [in] int     ySrc,  
    [in] int     wSrc,  
    [in] int     hSrc,  
    [in] DWORD   rop  
);
```

# CHAPTER 3 - Deeper Description of Mouse events on MS Access form controls

In MS Access we use the following events:

Image0	
Format	Data
On Click	
On Dbl Click	[Event Procedure]
On Mouse Down	[Event Procedure]
On Mouse Up	[Event Procedure]
On Mouse Move	[Event Procedure]

We use **TwipsPerPixel** to convert native MSAccess units – twips to memory picture units - pixels

```
Public Function TwipsPerPixel() As Double
    'Handle to device
    Dim lngDC As LongPtr
    Dim lngPixelsPerInch As Long
    Const nTwipsPerInch = 1440

    lngDC = GetDC(0)
    lngPixelsPerInch = apiGetDeviceCaps(lngDC, LOGPIXELSX)

    TwipsPerPixel = CDBl(nTwipsPerInch) / CDBl(lngPixelsPerInch)
End Function
```

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Twip>

A **twip** (abbreviating "twentieth of a point", "twentieth of an inch point",<sup>[1]</sup> or "twentieth of an Imperial point"<sup>[citation needed]</sup>) is a typographical measurement, defined as  $\frac{1}{20}$  of a typographical point. One twip is  $\frac{1}{1440}$  inch, or 17.64  $\mu\text{m}$ .<sup>[2]</sup>

Sample event handler code for image control mouse events:

```
Private Sub Image0_MouseDown(Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, x As Single, y As Single)

x_down = CLng(CDBl(x) / twips_per_pixel)
y_down = CLng(CDBl(y) / twips_per_pixel)

If Button = 2 Then 'if the right mouse button then...

    If mouse_state <> 1 Then
        state_r_menu = 3 'grid inside job rectangle
    Else
        Call set_state_r_menu(x_down, y_down) 'resolve state on basis of x and y coordinates
    End If

Exit Sub
End If

If Button = 1 Then l_button = True


Private Sub Image0_MouseMove(Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, x As Single, y As Single)
    Dim cor_x As Long
    Dim cor_y As Long

    cor_x = CLng(CDBl(x) / twips_per_pixel)
    cor_y = CLng(CDBl(y) / twips_per_pixel)


    If l_button = False Then
        Call verify_mouse_state(cor_x, cor_y)
    End If
```

## CHAPTER 4 - Putting everything above together:

For convenience, all the related drawing memory pictures operations have been embedded into one class module : clsDTTools\_Canvas

 clsDtTools\_Canvas

clsDtTools\_MemoryPicture is a small helper class module that helps us keep “memory pictures” handlers data

 clsDtTools\_MemoryPicture

Declare Canvas object as public variable in the form module

```
Option Compare Database
Option Explicit

Public pb As clsDtTools_Canvas
```

Initialise canvas object in “OnLoad” event handler

```
Private Sub Form_Load()

'set up form resources

Set pb = New clsDtTools_Canvas
' You MUST set the ImageControl prop
pb.ImageControl = Me.Image0
' You MUST set the ImageForm prop
pb.ImageForm = Me
' Clear the Image control to FillColor
```

# CHAPTER 4 - Putting everything above together:

Creating tables to store data:

JobID	Customer	PhoneNumber	VIN	Make_model	Job_Descr	JobDate	StartTime	Duration	EndTime	Tech	JobStatus	x	y	JobNumber	UnitNumber	Notes	Click to Add
1	HOGGAN	(333) 333-3333	19UYA3158L00000	Mercedes Benz 190E	Service	2015-04-01	3	2	5	19	2	0	0		77-BGH		
2		(612) 111-1112	20QAZ1244L00001	Toyota Corolla	Service of front sus	2015-04-01	1	2	3	7	4	0	0	JJ-XX7	UNO-BH445		
3	Factory Technics	(554) 334-4555	21WSX0987L00003	Hyundai ZX	Service	2015-04-01	4	2	6	4	5	0	0	24X-55	AK-44-Sx	Here are notes	
4	Jim Terking	(612) 111-1114	22PLMO2345A0005	Porshe Carrera GT	Service	2015-04-01	11	2	13	12	4	0	0		Some new unit num		
8	John Doe	(612) 111-1118	25RTY9876L000008	Oldsmobile Super 88	Service of car body	2015-04-01	1	2	3	0	3	5	5		UNIT NO2223		
9	Ashley Kimbley	(444) 444-4444	26WPR8765L00000	Cadillac Fleetwood	Service	2015-04-01	18	13	31	8	4	0	0		NUM BB-222		
16	Sample customer	(444) 443-3334	01ABC1234D00000	BMW 730i '91	Service	2015-04-01	3	2	5	12	4	0	0		SAMPLE UN 3304		
17	John Cussac	(612) 111-1234	12WDV1234L09875	Citroen 2CV'78	Servicing	2015-04-01	29	13	42	12	1	0	0				
18		( ) -4405	WC333444	Trabant 601	Smarowanie zwroti	2015-04-02	1	2	3	0	1	5	5				
22	Elain Geppers	( ) 444-4334	d444DVVD	Delorean DMC	Gas pedal linkage f	2015-04-01	7	2	9	15	1	0	0				
23	Mary Jo Fernandez	(554) 545-4554	34343343434	Volkswagen Pheton	Paint front bumper	2015-04-01	10	3	13	9	4	0	0		GG-HHTT		
24	anonym	444skd	445-5553	Mercedes Benz w126 2.6 V	This is standard ser	2015-04-01	6	2	8	9	3	0	0		UNIT NO 4445		
27		(444) 444-4444	445-5553	Jaguar Type E	repair engine head	2015-04-01	2	2	3	0	2	20	20		TU-TT456		
28	Customer BBCC			Ndfdfdsd		2015-04-03	6	3	9	12	1	0	0				
29		( ) 44-4443	gffdfggfd	New added job	sdfsfsd	2015-04-03	8	2	10	18	1	0	0				
30		e3333		New added job	ffdasfsdfdf	2015-04-03	1	2	3	4	3	0	0				
31		( ) -3333		unassigned		2015-04-03	4	2	6	18	5	0	0				
33		( ) 222-2222		New added job		2015-04-02	2	2	4	9	3	0	0				
34			4455	New added job	sdfsfsdsfd	2015-04-02	3	2	5	3	3	0	0				
35	Customer	(44) 343-3434	fie33333	Mercedes 190	Repair of suspensic	2015-04-01	1	2	3	15	1	0	0		ttt	Notes	
37	Changed name of	(333) 333-3333	eeeweef	Syrena 105	sfsdfdsfsdsfsd	2015-04-01	8	2	10	12	6	0	0	XX 11	New nubmer		
38	Client A	211 334 33	21ABCD121234	Tomson 33-44	Repair the suspens	2015-04-01	35	8	43	7	2	0	0		UN-33-56		
39	John Haroolds	555 6764 8	0000458654	BUICK ELECTRA '77	repair engine	2015-04-01	4	2	6	15	5	0	0				
40	Perkins Johnatan			New added job	Repair body paint a	2015-04-01	10	7	17	15	0	0	0	X-BB-A	X-JU-7 unit number		
41				New added job		2015-04-02	1	2	3			20	20				
42	New Customer na			New added job	new job description	2015-04-02	1	2	3			35	35	x-332	New unit number		
43				New added job	Make somer repair	2015-04-02	3	2	5	16	5	0	0		NEW UNIT UN		
44	ff444	(222) 332-3232	ffff	New added job	ffdfdfdf	2015-04-02	5	6	11	6	2	0	0	55fg	444334	ffff	
45				New added job		2015-04-09	1	2	3			5	5				
46				New added job		2015-04-09	1	2	3	0		20	20				
47	fd3333ff	(222) 333-3333	VIN CADILLAC	Cadillac	to jest opis	2015-04-09	2	4	6	2	1	0	0		fdffsfdff		
49	hoggan 2			New added job		2015-04-02	6	4	10	3	2	0	0		22 unit number		
50	Test Cusotmer			New added job	Description 234	2015-04-01	14	2	16	9	2	0	0		333-test112		
51				New added job		2015-05-31	2	5	7	18	2	0	0		test		
52	Anthony Roolck	(333) 456-6666		New added job	Modiry air conditio	2015-04-01	14	2	16	7	3	0	0	555	55-TU-X9	fgfgf	
54	Addam Johnson	(333) 445-6432	44eeee	VW	Repair front bumpe	2015-04-04	5	8	13	2	2	0	0		VWT-TT33		
55				New added job		2015-04-04	2	2	4	4	3	0	0		tttt		
56				New added job	dsffdsdf	2015-04-01	6	2	8	19	3	0	0		tets		
57	rrrvw			New added job	fdsfs	2015-04-01	18	4	22	4	6	0	0		yy6	werrewrew	
58			333dfsdf33	New added job	tty	2015-04-01	1	2	3	0		35	35		test		
59				New added job		2014-05-13	4	5	9	2	0	0	0				
60				New added job		2014-05-13	4	2	6	6	0	0	0				
61				New added job		2015-04-02	1	2	3			170	5	4444			
62				New added job		2015-04-01	21	2	23	9	2	0	0	5567	test number 24		
64				New added job		2015-04-01	19	12	31	19	6	0	0		Some information f		
65				New added job		2015-04-19	23	2	25	2	0	0	0		test		
66	yytt			New added job		2015-04-01	1	2	3	0		170	5				
67				New added job		2015-04-01	16	7	23	3	0	0	0				
68	Client bbb			New added job		2015-04-01	26	5	31	14	0	0	0		333gh		

# CHAPTER 4 - Putting everything above together:

Creating tables to store data:

TechID	TechName	selected	Click to Add
1	Tech A	<input type="checkbox"/>	
2	Tech B	<input type="checkbox"/>	
3	Tech C	<input type="checkbox"/>	
14	Tech D	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5	Tech E	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6	Tech F	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7	Tech G	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
8	Tech H	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
9	Tech I	<input type="checkbox"/>	
12	Tech J	<input type="checkbox"/>	
18	Tech K	<input type="checkbox"/>	
19	Tech L	<input type="checkbox"/>	
15	Tech M	<input type="checkbox"/>	
17	Tech N	<input type="checkbox"/>	
16	Tech O	<input type="checkbox"/>	
*	(New)	<input type="checkbox"/>	

RowId	TechID	DateAssign	Order	Click to Add
298	4	2023-07-06	1	
299	2	2023-07-06	2	
300	3	2023-07-06	3	
301	14	2023-07-06	4	
302	5	2023-07-06	5	
303	6	2023-07-06	6	
304	7	2023-07-06	7	
305	8	2023-07-06	8	
306	9	2023-07-06	9	
307	12	2023-07-06	10	
308	18	2023-07-06	11	
309	19	2023-07-06	12	
310	15	2023-07-06	13	
311	17	2023-07-06	14	
312	16	2023-07-06	15	

HourID	HourDescr	Click to Add
1	0:00 AM	
2	0:30 AM	
3	1:00 AM	
4	1:30 AM	
5	2:00 AM	
6	2:30 AM	
7	3:00 AM	
8	3:30 AM	
9	4:00 AM	
10	4:30 AM	
11	5:00 AM	
12	5:30 AM	
13	6:00 AM	
14	6:30 AM	
15	7:00 AM	
16	7:30 AM	
17	8:00 AM	
18	8:30 AM	
19	9:00 AM	
20	9:30 AM	
21	10:00 AM	
22	10:30 AM	
23	11:00 AM	
24	11:30 AM	
25	12:00 PM	
26	12:30 PM	
27	1:00 PM	
28	1:30 PM	
29	2:00 PM	
30	2:30 PM	
31	3:00 PM	
32	3:30 PM	
33	4:00 PM	
34	4:30 PM	
35	5:00 PM	
36	5:30 PM	
37	6:00 PM	
38	6:30 PM	
39	7:00 PM	
40	7:30 PM	



## CHAPTER 4 - Putting everything above together:

Declare structures (custom data types) and memory arrays to store data in memory:

```
-----  
Private Type Employee  
  
    emp_id As Long  
    Name As String  
  
End Type  
  
Private emp_counter As Long  
Private Employees(1 To 50) As Employee  
-----
```

```
-----  
Private Type Job  
  
    JobID As Long  
    row As Integer  
    start_time As Integer  
    Duration As Integer  
    x As Integer  
    y As Integer  
    color_no As Integer  
    Make_mod As String  
    VIN As String  
    Cust_Name As String  
    Teleph As String  
    Descr As String  
    Unit_Nuber As String  
  
End Type  
  
Private job_counter As Long  
Private Jobs(1 To 200) As Job  
-----
```

```
Private Type layout_job  
  
    x1 As Long  
    x2 As Long  
    y1 As Long  
    y2 As Long  
    job_id As Long  
    jobs_order As Integer  
  
End Type  
  
Private layout_jobs(1 To 500) As layout_job  
Private lay_counter As Long
```

```
Private hour dict(1 To 24) As String 'hours dictionary to fill in labels at the top of the form
```

## CHAPTER 4 - Putting everything above together:

Current Date is kept in public variable "current\_date" - this is a form module level variable:

```
Public current_date As Date 'current date from callendar
```

Populate memory arrays with data from MS Access tables:

```
'-----  
Public Sub load_hour_dict()  
  
Dim i As Integer  
  
hour_dict(1) = "0 AM"  
hour_dict(2) = "1 AM"  
hour_dict(3) = "2 AM"  
hour_dict(4) = "3 AM"  
hour_dict(5) = "4 AM"  
hour_dict(6) = "5 AM"  
hour_dict(7) = "6 AM"  
hour_dict(8) = "7 AM"  
hour_dict(9) = "8 AM"  
hour_dict(10) = "9 AM"  
hour_dict(11) = "10 AM"  
hour_dict(12) = "11 AM"  
hour_dict(13) = "12 AM"  
hour_dict(14) = "1 PM"  
hour_dict(15) = "2 PM"  
hour_dict(16) = "3 PM"  
hour_dict(17) = "4 PM"  
hour_dict(18) = "5 PM"  
hour_dict(19) = "6 PM"  
hour_dict(20) = "7 PM"  
hour_dict(21) = "8 PM"  
hour_dict(22) = "9 PM"  
hour_dict(23) = "10 PM"  
hour_dict(24) = "11 PM"  
  
End Sub
```

```
Public Sub load_tech()  
|  
Dim strSql As String  
  
strSql = " SELECT tblTechInDay.TechID, tblTechs.TechName " _  
        & " FROM tblTechInDay LEFT JOIN tblTechs ON tblTechInDay.TechID = tblTechs.TechID " _  
        & " WHERE (((tblTechInDay.DateAssign) = #" & conv_date(current_date) & "#)) " _  
        & " ORDER BY tblTechInDay.Order "  
  
Dim db As DAO.Database  
Dim rs As DAO.Recordset  
  
Set db = CurrentDb()  
Set rs = db.OpenRecordset(strSql)  
  
If rs.EOF = True Then  
    emp_counter = 0  
Else  
    emp_counter = 1  
End If  
  
Do Until rs.EOF = True  
  
    Employees(emp_counter).emp_id = rs(0)  
    Employees(emp_counter).Name = Nz(rs(1), "Empty")  
  
    emp_counter = emp_counter + 1  
    rs.MoveNext  
Loop  
  
rs.Close  
Set rs = Nothing  
Set db = Nothing  
  
If emp_counter > 0 Then  
    emp_counter = emp_counter - 1 'moves back counter by 1 position  
End If  
  
End Sub
```

# CHAPTER 4 - Putting everything above together:

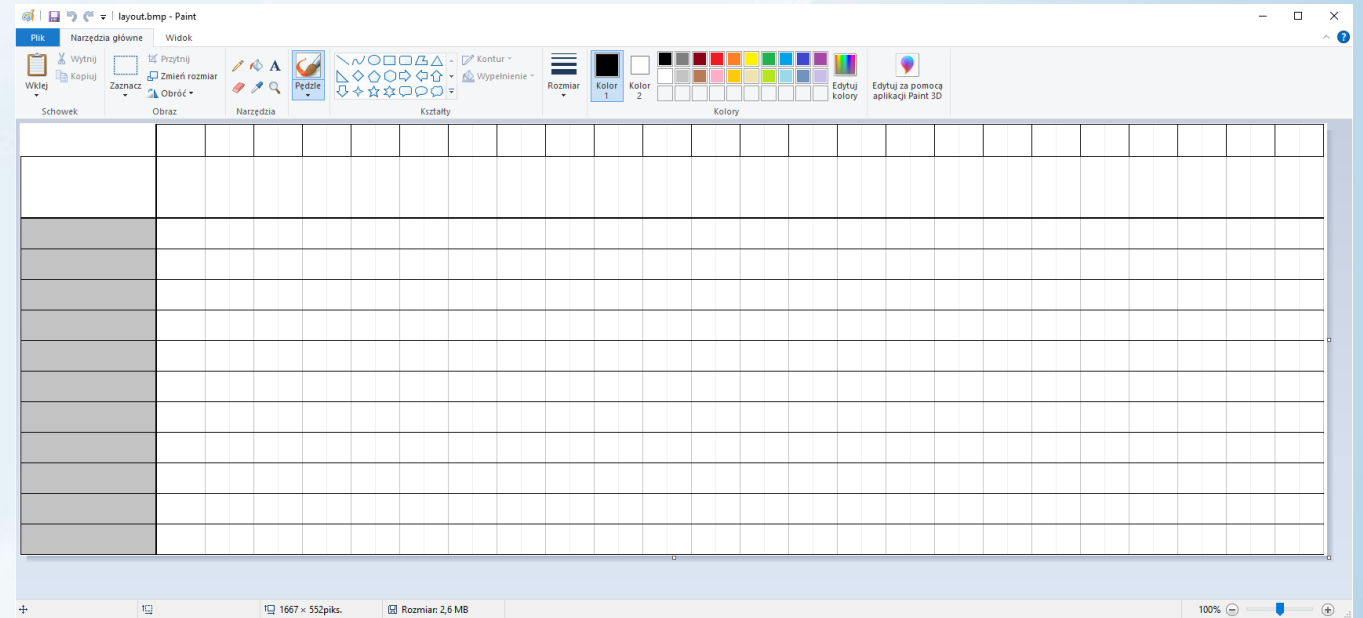
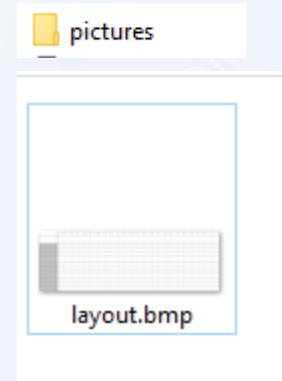
Populate memory arrays with data from MS Access tables:

```
Public Sub load_jobs()  
  
Dim strSql As String  
  
strSql = " SELECT tblTechInDay.TechID, tblTechInDay.Order, tblJobs.JobID, tblJobs.StartTime, "_  
    & " tblJobs.Duration, tblJobs.x, tblJobs.y, tblJobs.JobStatus, tblJobs.Make_model, tblJobs.VIN, "_  
    & " tblJobs.Customer, tblJobs.PhoneNumber, tblJobs.Job_Descr, tblJobs.JobDate, tblJobs.UnitNumber " _  
    & " FROM tblTechInDay RIGHT JOIN tblJobs ON (tblTechInDay.TechID = tblJobs.Tech) AND " _  
    & " (tblTechInDay.DateAssign = tblJobs.JobDate) " _  
    & " WHERE (((tblJobs.JobDate) = #" & conv_date(current_date) & "#)) ORDER BY tblTechInDay.Order, tblJobs.JobID "  
  
Dim db As DAO.Database  
Dim rs As DAO.Recordset  
  
Set db = CurrentDb()  
Set rs = db.OpenRecordset(strSql)  
  
If rs.EOF <> True Then  
    job_counter = 1  
Else  
    job_counter = 0  
End If  
  
    Do Until rs.EOF = True  
  
        Jobs(job_counter).JobID = rs(2)  
        Jobs(job_counter).row = Nz(rs(1), 0)  
        Jobs(job_counter).start_time = rs(3)  
        Jobs(job_counter).Duration = rs(4)  
        Jobs(job_counter).x = Nz(rs(5), 0)  
        Jobs(job_counter).y = Nz(rs(6), 0)  
        Jobs(job_counter).color_no = Nz(rs(7), 1)  
        Jobs(job_counter).Make_mod = Nz(rs(8), "")  
        Jobs(job_counter).VIN = Nz(rs(9), "")  
        Jobs(job_counter).Cust_Name = Nz(rs(10), "")  
        Jobs(job_counter).Teleph = Nz(rs(11), "")  
        Jobs(job_counter).Descr = Nz(rs(12), "")  
        Jobs(job_counter).Unit_Nuber = Nz(rs(14), "")  
  
        job_counter = job_counter + 1  
        rs.MoveNext  
    Loop  
  
rs.Close  
Set rs = Nothing  
Set db = Nothing  
  
If job_counter > 0 Then  
    job_counter = job_counter - 1 'moves back jobs counter  
End If  
  
End Sub
```

## CHAPTER 4 - Putting everything above together:

Initialise memory picture (background picture) which is loaded from file in folder "pictures":

```
Public Sub initialize_pictures()  
On Error GoTo err_handl  
Debug.Print CurrentProject.Path & "pictures\layout.bmp"  
  
Dim rez As Boolean  
Call pb.inicialize_dib(CurrentProject.Path & "\pictures\layout.bmp", "layout")  
  
Me.Image0.Picture = "" 'removes lodaed picture  
  
Exit Sub  
  
err_handl:  
MsgBox "Err type: " & Err.Description  
  
Exit Sub
```



## CHAPTER 4 - Putting everything above together:

Initialise memory picture (background picture) which is loaded from file in folder "pictures":

```
Public Sub Draw()  
|  
Call pb.Draw_Memory_Picture("layout", 1, 1, 1667, 552)  
  
Call draw_employees  
  
Call draw_jobs  
  
Call draw_hours_at_top  
  
pb.DIBtoPictureData  
  
End Sub
```

```
Public Sub draw_hours_at_top()  
|  
'activate the font  
  
pb.FontSize = CInt(14)  
pb.FontName = "Calibri"  
pb.FontBold = True  
pb.activate_font  
  
'draw hour labels at the top of the form  
  
Dim i As Integer  
Dim ret As Boolean  
  
Dim width As Integer, height As Integer, left As Integer, top As Integer, bottom As Integer  
  
top = 3  
width = 62  
height = 41  
left = 176  
bottom = top + height  
  
Dim cur_hour As String 'current hour  
  
For i = 1 To 24  
  
cur_hour = hour_dict(i) 'take from hour_dict (ionary) array  
  
Call pb.DrawRectangle(left - 1, top, left + width, top + height, RGB(200, 200, 200), 1)  
  
Call pb.put_text_in_my_place(cur_hour, left, left + width, top + 10, top + 30, 0, 0)  
  
left = left + width 'increase left to the position position of next hours rectangle  
  
Next i  
  
End Sub
```

```
Public Sub draw_employees()  
|  
Dim kol As Long  
Dim i As Integer  
  
kol = RGB(185, 234, 255)  
  
Call draw_name_rectangle("UNASSIGNED", 0, RGB(255, 255, 255))  
  
Dim pos As Integer 'real position  
  
For i = 1 To emp_counter  
  
pos = i - vscrol  
If pos > 0 And pos < 12 Then  
Call draw_name_rectangle(Employees(i).Name, pos, kol)  
End If  
  
Next i  
  
End Sub
```

```
Public Sub draw_name_rectangle(Name As String, row As Integer, color As Long)  
|  
pb.FontSize = CInt(11)  
pb.FontName = "Calibri"  
pb.FontBold = True  
pb.activate_font  
  
Dim width As Integer, height As Integer, left As Integer, top As Integer  
  
width = 172  
height = 39  
left = 3  
  
top = 123 + ((row - 1) * 39)  
  
If row = 0 Then top = 65  
  
If row <> 0 Then  
Call pb.DrawRectangle(left - 1, top - 1, left + width, top + height, color, 1)  
End If  
  
ret = pb.put_text_in_my_place(Name, left, left + width, top + 10, top + height - 7, 0, 0)  
  
End Sub
```

# CHAPTER 4 - Putting everything above together:

Draw Jobs rectangles:

```
Public Sub Draw()  
|  
Call pb.Draw_Memory_Picture("layout", 1, 1, 1667, 552)  
  
Call draw_employees  
  
Call draw_jobs  
  
Call draw_hours_at_top  
  
pb.DIBtoPictureData  
  
End Sub
```

```
Public Function get_full_color(color_no As Integer) As Long  
|  
Select Case color_no  
  
Case 1  
get_full_color = RGB(254, 252, 175) 'light yellow  
Case 2  
get_full_color = RGB(128, 255, 0) 'green  
Case 3  
get_full_color = RGB(255, 201, 14) 'orange  
Case 4  
get_full_color = RGB(255, 255, 0) 'yellow  
Case 5  
get_full_color = RGB(255, 121, 121) 'light red  
Case 6  
get_full_color = RGB(195, 195, 195) 'gray  
Case Else  
get_full_color = RGB(210, 210, 210) 'light gray  
  
End Select  
End Function
```

```
Public Sub draw_jobs()  
|  
lay_counter = 0  
Dim i As Long  
Dim pos As Integer  
For i = 1 To job_counter  
If Jobs(i).row = 0 Then  
pos = Jobs(i).row 'for unassigned draw the with the row = 0  
Else  
pos = Jobs(i).row - vscroll  
If pos = 0 Then pos = -1 'if at assigned job pos in result is 0 then change it to -1 to not show this job at unassigned area  
End If  
  
If pos > -1 And pos < 12 Then  
Call draw_job_rectangle(pos, _  
Jobs(i).start_time, _  
Jobs(i).Duration, _  
Jobs(i).x, _  
Jobs(i).y, _  
Jobs(i).color_no, _  
Jobs(i).JobID, _  
Jobs(i).Make_mod, _  
Jobs(i).VIN, _  
Jobs(i).Cust_Name, _  
Jobs(i).Teleph, _  
Jobs(i).Descr, _  
Jobs(i).Unit_Nuber, _  
i)  
  
End If  
Next i  
  
'-----
```

```
Public Sub draw_job_rectangle(row As Integer, start_time As Integer, Duration As Integer, _  
x As Integer, y As Integer, color_no As Integer, JobID As Long, Make_mod As String, _  
VIN As String, Cust_Name As String, Teleph As String, Descr As String, UnitNumber As String, order As Long)  
  
Dim left As Integer, right As Integer, top As Integer, bottom As Integer  
  
'---top-----  
If row = 0 Then  
top = 44 + y  
left = 176 + x  
right = 176 + (Duration * 62) + x  
Else  
top = 123 + ((row - 1) * 39) + y  
  
left = 176 + ((start_time - 1) * 31) + x  
right = 176 + ((start_time + Duration - 1) * 31) + x  
End If  
  
bottom = top + 39  
  
'-----  
  
Dim color As Long  
color = get_full_color(color_no)  
  
'pb.ForeColor = RGB(255, 0, 0)  
Call pb.DrawRectangle(left - 1, top - 1, right, bottom, color, 1)  
  
pb.ForeColor = RGB(0, 0, 0) 'back to black color - in case actual color was red  
  
'remember current dispatch position into array of layout_jobs-----  
lay_counter = lay_counter + 1  
  
layout_jobs(lay_counter).x1 = left - 1  
layout_jobs(lay_counter).x2 = right  
layout_jobs(lay_counter).y1 = top - 1  
layout_jobs(lay_counter).y2 = bottom  
layout_jobs(lay_counter).job_id = JobID  
layout_jobs(lay_counter).jobs_order = order  
  
'-----  
  
'--place UNIT NUMBER  
pb.FontSize = CInt(8)  
pb.FontName = "Calibri"  
pb.FontBold = False  
pb.activate_font  
  
ret = pb.put_text_in_my_place(CStr(UnitNumber), left + 5, right, top, top + 13, 1, test_col)  
  
'--Customer name ----  
pb.FontSize = CInt(8)  
pb.FontName = "Calibri"  
pb.FontBold = True  
pb.activate_font  
  
ret = pb.put_text_in_my_place(Cust_Name, left + 5, right, top + 12, top + 25, 1, test_col)  
  
'--Description----  
pb.FontSize = CInt(8)  
pb.FontName = "Calibri"  
pb.FontBold = False  
pb.activate_font  
  
ret = pb.put_text_in_my_place(Descr, left + 5, right, top + 25, top + 38, 1, test_col)
```

Caputre current positions  
Of rectangles into  
layout\_jobs



# CHAPTER 4 - Putting everything above together:

Reacting to mouse move events over the layout:

```
Private Sub Image0_MouseMove(Button As Integer, _
Shift As Integer, x As Single, y As Single)

Dim cor_x As Long
Dim cor_y As Long

cor_x = CLng(CDbl(x) / twips_per_pixel)
cor_y = CLng(CDbl(y) / twips_per_pixel)

If l_button = False Then
    Call verify_mouse_state(cor_x, cor_y)
End If

If l_button = True Then
    If mouse_state = 12 Then Call verify_mouse_move12(cor_x, cor_y)
    If mouse_state = 11 Then Call verify_mouse_move11(cor_x, cor_y)
    If mouse_state = 10 Then Call verify_mouse_move10(cor_x, cor_y)
End If

End Sub
```

```
Public Sub verify_mouse_state(cor_x As Long, cor_y As Long)

Dim id_last_active As Long
Dim order_last_active As Long
Dim state_last_active As Integer
Dim recovered_state As Integer

id_last_active = 0
state_last_active = 1

Dim i As Integer
For i = 1 To lay_counter

    recovered_state = recover_mouse_state_for_job(layout_jobs(i), cor_x, cor_y)

    If recovered_state <> 1 Then
        id_last_active = layout_jobs(i).job_id
        order_last_active = layout_jobs(i).jobs_order
        state_last_active = recovered_state
    End If

Next i

If current_job_id <> id_last_active Then

    current_job_id = id_last_active
    current_job_order = order_last_active

    pb.Clear
    Call Draw

End If

If state_last_active <> mouse_state Then
    mouse_state = state_last_active
'-----change screen pointer to SW arrows
If mouse_state = 3 Or mouse_state = 4 Then
    Application.Screen.MousePointer = 9
Else
    Application.Screen.MousePointer = 0
End If
'-----
End If
```

```
Private Function recover_mouse_state_for_job(dispatch As layout_job, _
x As Long, y As Long) As Integer

Dim state As Integer

state = 2 'default value - inside job
'1 test outside

If x < disp.x1 - 2 Or _
x > disp.x2 + 2 Or _
y < disp.y1 - 2 Or _
y > disp.y2 + 2 Then
    state = 1 'outside

End If

'-----
'4 test if in the near of x1

If (Abs(x - disp.x1) < 3) And (y > disp.y1) And (y < disp.y2) Then
    state = 3
    GoTo finish
End If

'-----
'5 test if in the near of x2

If (Abs(x - disp.x2) < 3) And (y > disp.y1) And (y < disp.y2) Then
    state = 4
    GoTo finish
End If

'-----

finish:
    recover_mouse_state_for_job = state

End Function
```

## CHAPTER 4 - Putting everything above together:

Reacting to mouse down / up events over the layout:

```
Private Sub Image0_MouseDown(Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, _
x As Single, y As Single)

x_down = CLng(CDbl(x) / twips_per_pixel)
y_down = CLng(CDbl(y) / twips_per_pixel)

If Button = 2 Then 'if the right mouse button then...

    If mouse_state <> 1 Then
        state_r_menu = 3 'grid inside job rectangle
    Else
        Call set_state_r_menu(x_down, y_down) 'resolve state on basis of x and y coordinates
    End If

Exit Sub
End If

If current_job_id = 0 Then 'if no one dispatch is active leave procedure here
Exit Sub
End If

x_curr_job_down = Jobs(current_job_order).x
y_curr_job_down = Jobs(current_job_order).y
duration_curr_job_down = Jobs(current_job_order).Duration
start_time_curr_job_down = Jobs(current_job_order).start_time

If Button = 1 Then l_button = True

If mouse_state = 2 Then mouse_state = 12
If mouse_state = 3 Then mouse_state = 10
If mouse_state = 4 Then mouse_state = 11

pb.Clear
Call Draw

End Sub
```

```
Private Sub Image0_MouseUp(Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, _
x As Single, y As Single)

If current_job_order = 0 Then
Exit Sub
End If

'verify if mouse up coordinates are not the same as mouse down - if y

Dim x_up As Long
Dim y_up As Long

x_up = CLng(CDbl(x) / twips_per_pixel)
y_up = CLng(CDbl(y) / twips_per_pixel)

If x_up = x_down And y_up = y_down Then
If Button = 1 Then l_button = False
If mouse_state = 12 Then mouse_state = 2
MsgBox "Will load job details"
Exit Sub
End If

Screen.MousePointer = 11

Dim y_absolute As Long

Dim current_row_base_y
current_row_base_y = find_row_base_y(Jobs(current_job_order).row)

y_absolute = current_row_base_y + Jobs(current_job_order).y

Dim row As Integer
row = set_row_from_y_absolute(y_absolute)

If row > emp_counter Then
'-----

Jobs(current_job_order).x = x_curr_job_down
Jobs(current_job_order).y = y_curr_job_down

'current_job_id = 0
'current_job_order = 0
'mouse_state = 1
If Button = 1 Then l_button = False
```

# CHAPTER 4 - Putting everything above together:

Right mouse click – context menu

Property Sheet

Selection type: Form

Form

Format Data Event Other All

On View Change	
On PivotTable Change	
Before Screen Tip	
Cycle	All Records
Record Locks	No Locks
Ribbon Name	
Toolbar	
Shortcut Menu	Yes
Menu Bar	
Shortcut Menu Bar	R_click_main
Help File	
Help Context Id	0
Has Module	Yes
Use Default Paper Size	No
Fast Laser Printing	Yes
Tag	
Palette Source	(Default)
Key Preview	No

Macros

- R\_click\_employee
- R\_click\_grid
- R\_click\_job
- R\_click\_main**
- R\_click\_upper\_bar

R\_click\_main

If take\_state\_r\_menu()=1 Then

AddMenu

Menu Name Employee menu

Menu Macro Name R\_click\_employee

Status Bar Text Employee menu

End If

If take\_state\_r\_menu()=2 Then

AddMenu

Menu Name Grid menu

Menu Macro Name R\_click\_grid

Status Bar Text Grid menu

End If

If take\_state\_r\_menu()=3 Then

AddMenu

Menu Name Job\_menu

Menu Macro Name R\_click\_job

Status Bar Text Job\_menu

End If

If take\_state\_r\_menu()=4 Then

AddMenu

Menu Name Upper\_bar\_menu

Menu Macro Name R\_click\_upper\_bar

Status Bar Text Upper\_bar\_menu

End If

+ Add New Action

R\_click\_employee

Submacro: Manage Technicians

RunCode

Function Name Manage\_Employees()

End Submacro

Submacro: Move Technician up

RunCode

Function Name Move\_Employee\_up()

End Submacro

Submacro: Move Technician down

RunCode

Function Name Move\_Employee\_down()

End Submacro

Submacro: Add new Technicians this day

RunCode

Function Name Add\_new\_employee\_this\_day()

End Submacro

Submacro: Remove selected Technician this day

RunCode

Function Name Remove\_selected\_employee\_this\_day()

End Submacro

+ Add New Action

```
Public Function Manage_Employees() As Integer  
    DoCmd.OpenForm "tblTechs", acNormal  
End Function
```

```
Public Function Move_Employee_up() As Integer  
    Dim row As Integer  
    row = get_current_row  
    If row = 0 Or row > 11 + vscroll Then  
        Exit Function  
    End If
```

# CHAPTER 4 - Putting everything above together:

Options - Trust Center - Macro Settings

